



#### How does a circulating current work?

CALCULATING CIRCULATING CURRENT If two or more transformers are connected in parallel, any difference in the voltage produced by the transformers generates a circulating current, as shown in Fig. 1. The current is proportional to the voltage difference between the transformers divided by the sum of the impedances around the circulating path.

Can a circulating current scheme provide automatic voltage regulation?

This paper describes the implementation of a circulating current scheme that uses IEC 61850 GOOSE messages to provide automatic voltage regulation for up to four paralleled power transformers.

#### What causes circulating currents in parallel?

Explain what causes circulating currents in parallel and compute its value. Compute the load division between parallel transformers. When voltage ratios are not equal, currents circulate between the windings of each transformer without a load connected. Circulating currents reduce the load capacity of transformer

How is circulating current calculated?

The circulating current flowing when T1 is raised one tap and paralleled with one or two transformers is calculated as follows, based on (11). For T1//T2: When T1 is connected in parallel with one transformer (T2 or T3), there is  $\sim$ 42 A of circulating current per tap step.

What is a circulating current scheme?

The circulating current scheme described in this paper requires the AVRs to share both analog and digital information via an Ethernet connection. There are several advantages to using a circulating current scheme rather than a master-follower scheme. Allowing just one transformer in the scheme to tap reduces the change in busbar voltage.

How to deal with circulating currents in parallel devices?

Dealing with circulating currents in parallel devices can also be done via the same isolation method.

The main circuit of EAST fast control power supply is shown in Fig. 1, which consists of six branches in parallel, and each branch can be cascaded by multiple H bridges. Among them, HB 1~n (n = 3) is H-bridge inverter circuit, E is DC voltage of each branch H-bridge, u Hi (i = 1 ~ 6) is AC voltage of each branch H-bridge, R is the sum of equivalent ...

1 Introduction. Multi-pulse rectifier (MPR) technique is one of the most popular methods of eliminating harmonics in high power rectification [1, 2], and is widely used in aircraft power system, adjustable speed drives, electro-chemical processes and so on [3-5]. Among MPRs, 12-pulse rectifier is preferred due to its simple configuration and easy realisation [6, 7].



This article analyzes circulating current control in single-phase power electronic converters, focusing on two different topologies: interleaved and parallel configurations. The study involves a bridgeless interleaving topology with two boost converters for increased efficiency. A parallel connection is also examined for monitoring line current, circulating currents, and power ...

There are typically large circulating current losses when such a current is produced in a gas-insulated switchgear (GIS). An excessive circulating current also causes a heating phenomenon and insulation aging, as well as hidden dangers and adverse effects on the normal operations of power systems.

The possible causes, which lead to high circulating current, are discussed based on the calculation method. KEYWORDS Sheath circulating current; capacitance current; induced current INTRODUCTION With the development of high voltage and ultra-high voltage applications in power transmission systems in

circulating current intro-duced by each phase will be proportional to the magnitude of the differential instantaneous voltage for that phase and the zero phase sequence impedance of the system (generators and connecting cables). The total circulating current in the common neutral will be the sum of the circulating current in each phase.

Circulating current exists among phases or between the DC link and the three phases in a modular multilevel converter (MMC). Suppression control of the alternating components in circulating current is a critical issue for the stable and efficient operation of an MMC. Due to the redundancy and symmetry of MMCs, some of the self-redundant states of ...

describing the dynamics of the circulating current is presented in this study which shows that the circulating current depends on the common-mode voltage. Using this model, the circulating current between two parallel-connected inverters is analysed in this study. The peak and root mean square (rms) values of the normalised circulating current

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Lesson 12\_et332b.pptx. After this presentation you will be able to: Explain what causes circulating currents in parallel and compute its value. Compute the load division between parallel ...

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However, the circulation current problem in parallel multilevel inverters prevents take full benefit from these advantages due to the fact that this current unbalance the inverter currents, degrading power quality and overall system performance. The circulating current results from the inevitable asymmetry in the inverter's



component ...

Experimental results of uneven power distribution among phases with the proposed control strategy: (a) process of power distribution change with waveforms of two times circulating current 2·i cir,a (10A/div) and capacitor voltages of upper arm in phase a and lower arm in phase c v C,ap1, v C,ap2, v C,cp1, v C,cp2 (50 V/div); (b) HVAC terminal ...

Circulating Current Example Lesson 12\_et332b.pptx 5 Example 12-1: Two 100 kVA single phase transformer operated in parallel. Nameplate data: Transformer V-ratio %R %X A 2300-460 1.36 3.50 ... ET 332b Ac Motors, Generators and Power Systems Lesson 12\_et332b.pptx 25 . ...

This paper analyzes the current circulation mechanism of a large-scale photovoltaic (PV) grid-connected power generation system based on modular multilevel converter (MMC) under different solar irradiation. In MMC based PV system, each submodule is connected to PV arrays through a dc-dc converter, so power mismatch problem will easily happen when solar irradiation is ...

This paper presents the control strategy for parallel operation of an inverter to eliminate DC & AC circulating current. This paper also analyses the cross-current between parallel connected inverter due to the difference in output voltage magnitudes of inverters, the phase difference of inverter output voltages and difference in DC offsets present in inverter ...

Simplified analysis and calculation on circulating current and power loss in enclosure of GIS and GIL. High Voltage Eng., 35 (2) (2009), pp. 247-249. View in Scopus Google Scholar ... Calculation and analysis of circulating current in grounding system of UHV gas insulated switchgear. Power Syst. Technol., 36 (7) (2012), pp. 33-37. View in ...

This paper proposes a fast switching control topology for a series-parallel-tuned LCL pickup for inductive power transfer systems. This topology employs a similar idea to traditional controlled rectifiers that regulate the average output current through the rectifier. The proposed topology is able to provide continuous power regulation and smooth power transitions between ...

Abstract: Converter parallel techniques can increase the powerrating, but there is a circulating current problem. Therefore, this study focuses on the circulating current problem in parallel full-scale wind power converter systems. The general definition of circulating currents is first introduced. The concept of circulating current percentage ...

Thus voltage control of parallel transformers with the circulating current method aims to minimize the circulating current while keeping the voltage at the target value. In case of a parallel operation of transformers, the electric current carried by these transformers are inversely proportional to their internal impedance.

1 Introduction. Flexible AC transmission systems (FACTS) have been widely utilised [] in power systems.For



instance, static VAR compensator (SVC) is one of the most commonly used equipment to compensate for reactive power [].SVCs consist of a thyristor-controlled reactor (TCR) and several fixed capacitors [].Since TCR exploits thyristor switches to vary the ...

This article analyzes circulating current control in single-phase power electronic converters, focusing on two different topologies: interleaved and parallel configurations.

For unity power factor, 10% circulating current (due to unequal turn ratios) results in only half percent to the total current. At lower power factors, the circulating current will change dramatically. ... In the transformer with OLTC, it is a closed loop system, with following components: 1. AVR (Automatic Voltage Regulator) - an electronic ...

Differentiating Circulating Currents from Common Mode Current. Circulating currents are very different from common-mode current. Circulating currents result from imbalances in the motor's construction, while common-mode currents are created by the pulse width modulated (PWM) signal used to drive the motor from a variable frequency drive (VFD). ...

Calculating Circulating Current While not ideal, there is often a perspective that generators of dissimilar pitch cannot be ... Phase to neutral faults account for approximately 65% of all faults in an electrical power system. Since the zero sequence reactance is lower in 2/3 pitch windings than higher pitch windings, and

By taking the circulating currents into account, the accuracy of the load loss calculation for the non-symmetrical case is similar to the one of the symmetrical cases. Therefore, it is important to consider the effect of the circulating current when dealing with the power transformers that have a split-type winding.

The circulating current paralleling method assumes that a continuous circulating current path is maintained for all system operating configurations, and that any changes in the circulating current magnitude are a result of an undesirable change in the relative tap positions of the paralleled transformers. The circulating current

In the realm of circulating current, the inductance is often the cause of the problems. An inductance of 15 nH is a small value. An inch of wire in free space has about 15-nH inductance. ... you must present the power-supply output to the system. To control the currents in the ground plane, some engineers advocate cutting slots into it. However ...

Circulating Current 33 kV 11 kV Fig. 1. Circulating Current Between Two Transformers In this example, we energize a busbar with two identical power transformers that are at their nominal 11 kV tap positions. The busbar voltage is 11 kV and there is no circulating current. If we adjust the tap position of one

Therefore, the I,m,n : length of each cross-bonded minor section [km] sheath circulating current must be reduced in underground [zl],[z2],[z3] : sheath impedance matrix of earth return power cable systems. path in each minor section The increase of the sheath circulating current is mainly [Isi]: sheath circulating current



matrix[ A] caused by ...

The positive peak current and negative peak current in the arm of an MMC exhibit asymmetry during active power conversion. Based on this characteristic, the asymmetry can be equalized by the injected circulating current to suppress the peak current of the MMC arm. Thus, potential damage to switching devices caused by overcurrent can be avoided.

One of them is the high sheath circulating current. In a power cable system, the uniform configuration of the cables between sections is sometimes difficult to achieve because of the geometrical ...

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