

What is the energy storage density of plzt-0.12 films?

The PLZT-0.12 films possess the slim hysteresis loops and high breakdown strength, thus gaining the high energy storage density of 30.2 J/cm³ and energy storage efficiency of 62.2%. Our results demonstrated that the introduction of stress by doping La elements could effectively enhance the energy storage density.

Why are plzt-0.2 films a good choice for energy storage?

PLZT-0.2 films have the low dielectric constant and high leakage current, resulting in the low breakdown field strength (Table 1). Based on the above discussion, PLZT-0.12 films obtain the slim hysteresis loop and high breakdown field strength, which is conducive to enhancing the energy storage density.

Do plzt-0.12 films maintain hysteresis loops at different temperatures?

It is found that the electric hysteresis loop of the PLZT-0.12 films maintain slim loops at different temperatures, and the energy storage density and energy storage efficiency fluctuate in a narrow range, indicating that the PLZT-0.12 films obtain excellent temperature stability. Fig. 11.

Can plzt-0.12 compositing improve energy storage performance?

However, it is still lower than the literatures with multi-element doping or compositing, indicating that further improvement in the energy storage performance of the PLZT-0.12 film could be achieved by compositing other materials or optimizing the process.

Do ferroelectric PLZT films have a compressive residual stress?

Therefore, it is beneficial to have a compressive residual stress in ferroelectric PLZT films for applications that require high field strength. Figure 8 shows the P-E hysteresis loops of PLZT/LNO/Ni measured at room temperature with maximum applied voltages of 700, 800, and 900 V.

How to improve WREC in plzt-0.12 films?

The reduced grain size and phase transition field difference help improve the WREC. The WREC reaches the maximum value 30.2 J/cm³ in the PLZT-0.12 films. The Pb_{1-1.5x}La_xZr_{0.95}Ti_{0.05}O₃ films with different La³⁺ contents were successfully prepared on the LaNiO₃/SiO₂/Si substrates by sol-gel method.

The microstructure, ferroelectric, electric-field breakdown strength, and energy-storage properties of relaxor Pb_{0.9}La_{0.1}(Zr_{0.52}Ti_{0.48})O₃ (PLZT) thin films grown on flexible Ti foils using pulsed laser deposition were systematically investigated. Low temperature deposited PLZT thin films showed very slim polarization hysteresis loops with a high difference between ...

In this work, 1-mm-thick relaxor ferroelectric (FE) films with a typical composition of Pb_{0.91}La_{0.09}(Ti_{0.65}Zr_{0.35})O₃ (PLZT 9/65/35) were successfully deposited on platinum-buffered silicon substrates via a sol-gel technique. The microstructure, electrical properties, and energy-storage performance of

the obtained thin films were investigated in detail. X-ray diffraction ...

In this work, the dielectric, ferroelectric, energy storage, electrocaloric (EC), and pyroelectric properties of $(\text{Pb}_{0.92}\text{La}_{0.08})(\text{Zr}_{0.55}\text{Ti}_{0.45})\text{O}_3$ (PLZT) thin film (704 nm) are highlighted. The temperature-dependent dielectric measurements reveal its relaxor behavior with an excellent tunability (64%) and a room-temperature dielectric constant of 1670 at a ...

A total energy storage density of $\sim 26 \text{ J/cm}^3$ at 1020 kV/cm and tunability of 68.46% at $\sim 200 \text{ kV/cm}$ was achieved for PLZT film with 3 wt.% excess Pb. In the present study, the effect of processing parameters like annealing temperature, excess of lead (Pb) content, and film thickness on the crystallograph

For PLZT films grown on HC with LNO buffer, the dielectric constant increases, while the dielectric loss decreases, with increasing temperature. A dielectric constant of 2,000 and loss of 0.05 were observed at 150 °C. ... The energy storage capability was measured at 65 J/cm³ for the PLZT film-on-foil capacitor deposited on HC with ...

Introduction of an amorphous Al_2O_3 layer into the relaxor PLZT film is beneficial to enhanced breakdown strength.. PLZT film grown on Al_2O_3 layer has a dominant pyrochlore phase.. Position of inserted Al_2O_3 layer has enormous impact on energy-storage density.. Maximum U_r of 90.7 J/cm³ and high η of 75.2% are achieved in PLZT/ Al_2O_3 ...

characteristics and pathways, and energy storage performance from room temperature to 250° were studied, enabling a mere comprehensive understanding of PLZT-based AFE films. Films of PLZT (2/95/5) were deposited on (100), (110), and (111) STO single-crystal substrates by PLD. A hot-pressed PLZT (2/95/5) bulk ceramic disk was used as a target

The Mn-doped PLZT AD thick films exhibit high dielectric breakdown strength (DBS) of $\sim 5420 \text{ kV/cm}$, energy-storage density (ESD) of $\sim 38.7 \text{ W/cm}^3$, with high energy efficiency of $\sim 71\%$. Additionally, the Mn-doped PLZT AD thick films demonstrate a low leakage current and excellent fatigue properties, as indicated by the obtained polarization, DBS ...

Capacitive Energy Storage for PLZT Thin Films Deposited on Pt/Si and LNO/Ni Tested at $E_{\text{max}} = E_b$ Figure 6. Weibull plots of dielectric breakdown of (a) $\sim 1\text{-mm}$ -thick PLZT thin films coated on Pt/Si and LNO/Ni and (b) PLZT/LNO/ Ni thin films of various thicknesses. Inset (c) shows voltage vs time used in the dielectric breakdown testing.

Ceramic film capacitors with high dielectric constant and high breakdown strength hold special promise for applications demanding high power density. By means of chemical solution deposition, we deposited $\sim 2\text{-mm}$ -thick films of lanthanum-doped lead zirconate titanate (PLZT) on LaNiO_3 -buffered Ni (LNO/Ni) foils and platinized silicon (PtSi) substrates. ...

Plzt energy storage film

The hysteresis loops and dielectric energy storage behavior of flexible PLZT 2/95/5 film were investigated under different mechanical bending conditions. Recoverable energy-storage density reached about 15.5 J/cm³ and efficiency of ...

We report the energy-storage performance and electric breakdown field of antiferroelectric PbZrO₃ (PZ) and relaxor ferroelectric Pb_{0.9}La_{0.1}(Zr_{0.52}Ti_{0.48})O₃ (PLZT) single films, as well as PLZT/PZ and PZ/PLZT heterolayered films grown on SrRuO₃/Ca₂Nb₃O₁₀-nanosheet/Si substrates using pulsed laser deposition. These films show the highly ...

The discharge energy-storage properties of the thick PLZT film are directly evaluated by the resistance-inductance-capacitance (RLC) circuit. The maximum value of the discharge energy-storage density (W_{dis}) is 15.8 J/cm³ at 1400 kV/cm and 90% of the corresponding energy is released in a short time of about 250 ns.

The energy storage properties of Pb_{0.92}La_{0.08}Zr_{0.52}Ti_{0.48}O₃ (PLZT) films grown via pulsed laser deposition were evaluated at variable film thickness of 125, 250, 500, and 1000 nm. These films show high dielectric permittivity up to ~1200. Cyclic I-V measurements were used to evaluate the dielectric properties of these thin films, which not only provide the total electric ...

The higher energy storage performance of our epitaxial PLZT films for the same applied electric field, in comparison to the values of other reported relaxor-ferroelectric polycrystalline films (sol-gel Pb_{0.92}La_{0.08}(Ti_{0.52}Zr_{0.48})O₃ film on Pt/Si with $U_{reco} = 9.8$ J/cm³ and $i = 55.0\%$ 7 and with $U_{reco} = 12.8$ J/cm³ and $i = 78.0\%$ 6) can ...

In this work, sol-gel-derived Pb_{0.97}La_{0.02}(Zr_{0.97}Ti_{0.03})O₃ (PLZT 2/97/3) antiferroelectric (AFE) thick films were fabricated on LaNiO₃-bottom electrodes through a two-step heat-treatment process. The effects of the heat-treatment process on the crystalline structure and the energy-storage performance of the AFE films were investigated in detail.

The energy-storage density of 1.05 J/cm³ at room temperature has been achieved in the PLZT film with 2% La doping. A large electrocaloric temperature change ($\Delta T = 4.26$ K) and entropy change of ($\Delta S = 3.97$ J/Kkg) has been achieved in the PZT film with 6% doping of lanthanum at 310 K temperature and 150 kV/cm applied electric field.

For antiferroelectric (AFE) energy storage, the stability of energy storage density and conversion efficiency against wide temperature (T) range and broad frequency (f) band is highly preferred. In this work, we investigate the energy storage and associated kinetics of polarization switching in (001)-textured AFE Pb_{0.97}La_{0.02}(Zr_{0.95}Ti_{0.05})O₃ (PLZT 2/95/5) ...

Hence, improved energy-storage performance and ECE were realized in the compositionally graded thick films. The maximum energy-storage density of 44 J/cm³ and ECE of 28 % were obtained in the UG

Plzt energy storage film

PLZT AFE thick film. Meanwhile, all the thick films exhibited good energy-storage stability in the temperature range of 20 °C-150 °C. Overall ...

These results indicate that the relaxor PLZT films deposited on thin Ti foils, even at low temperature, are a promising strategy to enhance energy-storage performance for pulse-power energy ...

Advances in flexible electronics are driving dielectric capacitors with high energy storage density toward flexibility and miniaturization. In the present work, an all-inorganic thin film dielectric capacitor with the coexistence of ferroelectric (FE) and antiferroelectric (AFE) phases based on $\text{Pb}_{0.96}\text{La}_{0.04}(\text{Zr}_{0.95}\text{Ti}_{0.05})\text{O}_3$ (PLZT) was prepared on a 2D fluorophlogopite ...

Fig. 10 (a-b) shows the energy storage performance of PLZT-x films. It is found that the W_{rec} increases as the electric field increases, while the i exhibits the opposite trend. PLZT-0 films obtain relatively low W_{rec} due to the low BDS and DP. Previous studies have found that BDS is also related to grain size and internal defects [54].

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